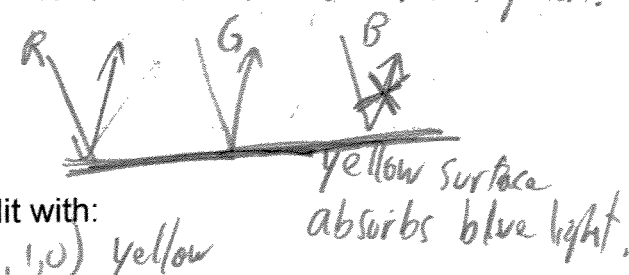


Ref

Yellow light can be modelled as a mix of red + green.  
A yellow surface:



### QUESTIONS

- What do we see when a yellow surface is lit with:
  - (a) white light?  $(1,1,1) \times (1,1,0) = (1,1,0)$  yellow
  - (b) blue light?  $(0,0,1) \times (1,1,0) = (0,0,0)$  black
  - (c) red light?  $(1,0,0) \times (1,1,0) = (1,0,0)$  red
  - (d) yellow light?  $(1,1,0) \times (1,1,0) = (1,1,0)$  yellow
  - (e) green light?  $(0,1,0) \times (1,1,0) = (0,1,0)$  green
- Do specular highlights have the colour of the light or the surface?

Specular reflections have the colour of the light.

### QUESTIONS

- Give the Phong equation parameters that are needed to render a shiny yellow material with a single white light.

$$I = I_a k_a + I_L k_d (N \cdot L) + I_L k_s (R \cdot V)^n$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ 0.2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.7 \\ 0.7 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} (N \cdot L) + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.4 \end{bmatrix} (R \cdot V)^{100}$$

specular highlights will be white.

n = 100 is shiny

- What is the colour of the darkest pixel this model can produce?  
with  $(N \cdot L) = 0$  and  $(R \cdot V) = 0$ ,  $I = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ 0.2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$  i.e., just the ambient.
- What is the colour of the brightest pixel this model can produce?

Note: clamp  $N \cdot L$  and  $R \cdot V$  to always be  $\geq 0$ . (no negative light!)

$$\text{with } (N \cdot L) = 1 \text{ and } (R \cdot V) = 1, I = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ 0.2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0.7 \\ 0.7 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.3 \\ 1.3 \\ 0.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0.4 \end{bmatrix}$  clamp

Sketch the ambient, diffuse, specular, and total illumination for the following scene as a function of  $x$ . Assume the Phong illumination model,

$$I = k_a I_a + k_d I_d(N \cdot L) + k_s I_s (R \cdot V)^n,$$

where  $k_a = 0.3$ ,  $k_d = 0.7$ ,  $k_s = 0.7$ ,  $I_a = I_d = I_s = 1.0$ ,  $n = 100$ .

