The Pumping Lemma for CFLs

Mark Greenstreet, CpSc 421, Term 1, 2006/07

- Non-Context-Free Languages
- The Pumping Lemma for CFLs
- Examples

$A = \mathbf{a}^n \mathbf{b}^n \mathbf{c}^n$

- Is A regular?
- Is A context free?
 - Can we construct a CFG that generates A?
 - Can we construct a PDA that recognizes A?



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• $\therefore \forall i > 0. \ uv^i wx^i z \in L(A).$

Pumping Lemma: Formal Statement

- Let *A* be a CFL.
- There exists a constant, p such that for any $s \in A$ with $|s| \ge p$, there exists strings u, v, w, x, and z such that:
 - s = uvxyz;
 - |vy| > 0;
 - $|vxy| \leq p$; and
 - for all $i \ge 0$, $uv^i xy^i z \in A$.

Pumping Lemma: Formal Proof

- Let A be a CFL.
- Let $G = (V, \Sigma, R, S_0)$ be a CNF CFG for A.
- Let $p = 2^{|V|+1}$.
- Let $s \in A$ with $|s \ge p$.
- Let T be a derivation tree for s.
- CNF derivation trees are binary trees except that they have a layer of degree-1 nodes just before the leaves. Thus,

$$\begin{aligned} height(T) &\geq \lceil \log_2(|s|) \rceil + 1 \\ &\geq \lceil \log_2(p) \rceil + 1 \\ &\geq (|V| + 1) + 1 \\ &= |V| + 2 \end{aligned}$$

- There is a path from S_0 to a leaf that goes through at least |V| + 1 variables. Thus, it visits some variable twice.
 - Now, apply the idea suggested on the "Key Idea" slide.

$a^n b^n c^n$ Is Not Context Free

$\{w \mid \mid \exists x. w = xx\}$ Is Not Context Free