

Computer Graphics

Introduction



COMPUTER GRAPHICS
CS-314: Fall 2012
Instructor (me): Alla Sheffer



<http://www.ugrad.cs.ubc.ca/~cs314>






What is CG used for: Movies



Animation



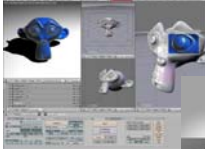


Special Effects (mixed reality)




What is Computer Graphics ?




- Generation of virtual visual content




- Encompasses many (sub-)disciplines
 - (defined by what and not by how)



What is CG used for: Games



Made to MAXIMIZE Retina Display



What is CG used for?



What is CG used for: Digital Media



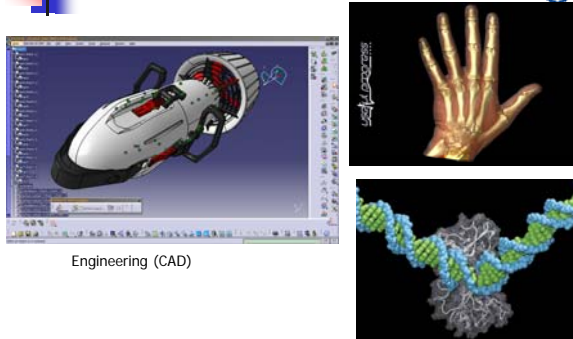
3D EFFECTS WITH PHOTOSHOP



Computer Graphics

Introduction


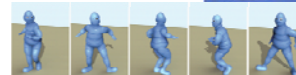


What is CG used for: Everything ☺



Engineering (CAD)

Natural Sciences (Visualization/Simulation)


The science of CG (circa 2012)

- Modeling
 
- Animation
 
- Rendering
 
- Imaging
 

The Science of CG: Components

- Content Creation (3D):
 - Modeling - Representing object properties
 - Geometry: polygons, smooth surfaces etc.
 - Materials: reflection models etc.
 - Animation - Making geometric models move and deform
- Rendering - Generation of 2D images from (3D) models
 - Interactive rendering
 - Global (offline) methods: Ray-tracing, etc...
- Imaging – manipulation of 2D images

CG Research at UBC



Van de Panne


Heldrich

Bridson

Pai

Sheffer

The Science of CG : Brief history



Then (1980s)

Now (trailer from SIGGRAPH'12)

What This Course Is About

- Fundamental algorithms of computer graphics
- Course Focus: Rendering
 - Why?
 - Critical core graphics component
 - Lots of ideas/methods shared with other CG components
- Content creation addressed in detail by follow-up courses
 - Modeling – 424 (next term)
 - Animation – 426 (next year)
 - Grad level (rendering, modeling, animation)

Computer Graphics

Introduction

What This Course Is About

- Practice graphical programming (OpenGL)
 - Why? Theory != Practice ☺
 - Learning by doing
 - Graphics is about visuals – testing/applying your knowledge on paper is BORING



Policies (boring stuff):

<http://www.ugrad.cs.ubc.ca/~cs314>



What This Course is **NOT** About

- NOT covered:
 - Artistic and design issues
 - Usage of commercial software packages
 - Applications (i.e. game design)



Teaching Staff

- Instructor: Alla Sheffer
- Office hours (in X651):
 - Monday 10-11AM
 - Tuesday 3-4PM
 - Wed 10-11AM
- Contact: sheffa@cs.ubc.ca
 - Use discussion board (piazza) for questions relevant to other students
- TAs: Crawford Doran (cdoran@cs.ubc.ca), Anil Mahmud (anil_mahmud@uap-bd.edu), Mikhail Bessmeltsev (bmpix@cs.ubc.ca)



Why study CG?

- It is fun – create visually appealing results
- Opens doors to lots of job opportunities
- Gain programming experience
 - Not “just” programming – lots of math, theory, intuition
- Warning: Not at easy course
 - heavy math
 - heavy programming




Course Information

- Up-to-date information:
 - <http://www.ugrad.cs.ubc.ca/~cs314>
 - updated often, reload frequently
 - Discussion board on Piazza - to set up account follow link from course home page
- I assume that once information is posted on board or web-page students know it
 - within 2 workdays




Computer Graphics


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More Info




- Programming prereq
 - CPSC 221 or CPSC 260+EECE 320
 - Good knowledge of C++
- Math prereq
 - MATH 200 (Calculus III)
 - MATH 221 (Matrix Algebra)






Grading


- Programming Assignments: 40%
 - 2D Game: Intro to OpenGL (6%) – **out now**
 - 3D Transformations – modeling/animation (11%)
 - Rendering pipeline (11%)
 - Ray tracing (12%)






Lectures/Labs


- Lectures: Mon Wed Fri 9:00 -10:00 (DMP 301)
 - Please arrive on time
- Labs:
 - Wed 12-13, Thu 15:30-16:30
 - Example problems in spirit of quizzes and exams + help with programming assignments
- Attendance not a MUST ...but
 - Participation part of final grade (more later)
 - Strongly recommend that you attend both



Grading



- Participation (2%)
 - Classroom: **Clicker** responses + classroom involvement
 - Post two weekly review questions
 - Based on material covered each week
 - Submit via DB (private, rev# tag)
 - till Mon 9AM
 - Include: question, multiple choice answers, explanation






Grading



- Programming Assignments: 40%
- Weekly Mini Home Quizzes: 3%
- Participation 2%
 - Classroom
 - Review question composition
- Two Midterms: 25%
 - 12% +13%
- Final Exam: 30%






Grading

- Mini Home Quizzes: (3%)
 - Online (connect.ubc.ca) quiz each week (from week 2)
 - Released by Tue AM, Due Friday 9AM
- Multiple choice questions
 - Student/instructor composed
 - If your question selected - **double your quiz grade !!!**
 - If two selected triple..




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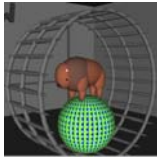
Introduction




Important Dates




- Assignment 1 due: Sep 21
- Assignment 2 due: Oct 12
- Assignment 3 due: Nov 2
- Assignment 4 due: Nov 30
- Midterm 1: Oct 19
- Midterm 2: Nov 9

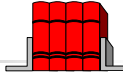





Literature (optional)




- Fundamentals of Computer Graphics
 - *Third edition (second is OK too – but note syllabus changes)*
 - Peter Shirley, A.K. Peters
- OpenGL Programming Guide
 - J. Neider, T. Davis and W. Mason, Addison-Wesley







Course Organization




- Programming assignments:
 - C++, Windows or Linux
 - **Tested on department Linux machines**
 - OpenGL graphics library / GLUT for user interface
- **Face to face grading in lab**
 - Opportunity to show all the “cool” extra stuff
 - Test that you do *know* what every piece of your code does
- Hall of fame – coolest projects from 2002 on




Learning OpenGL




- This is a graphics course using OpenGL
 - not a course **ON** OpenGL
- Upper-level class: learning APIs mostly on your own
 - only minimal lecture coverage
 - basics, some of the tricky bits
 - OpenGL Red Book
 - many tutorial sites on the web
 - <http://www.xmission.com/~nate/opengl.html>




Late/Missing Work



- Programming Assignments:
 - 3 grace days **TOTAL**
 - for unforeseen circumstances
 - strong recommendation: don't use early in term
 - handing in late uses up automatically unless you tell us
- Home Quizzes/Review Question Sets
 - Can miss *two* of each
- Exception: severe illness/crisis, as per UBC rules
 - **MUST**
 - Get approval from me ASAP (in person or email)
 - Turn in proper documentation



Plagiarism and Cheating



- Short Summary: Don't cheat
 - Home quizzes and programming assignments are individual work
 - Can discuss ideas (including on DB), browse Web
 - But cannot copy code or answers/questions
 - If you REALLY think using a source is OK cite it
- **Must** be able to explain algorithms during face-to-face demo
 - or no credit for that assignment, possible prosecution

Computer Graphics

Introduction

(Tentative) Lecture Syllabus

- Introduction + Rendering Pipeline (week 1)
- Transformations (week 2/3)
- Scan Conversion (week 4/5)
- Clipping (week 5)
- Hidden Surface Removal (week 6/7)
- Review & Midterm (week 7)
 - Midterm: Oct 19
- Lighting Models (week 8)
- Texture mapping (week 9/10)
- Review & Midterm (week 10)
 - Midterm: Nov 9
- Ray Tracing (week 11)
- Shadows (week 11/12)
- Geometric Modeling (week 12/13)
- Review (last lecture)

Your tasks for the week

- Sign and Submit Plagiarism Form
 - <http://www.ugrad.cs.ubc.ca/~cs314/Vsep2012/plag.html>
- Reading (in Shirley: Introduction to CG)
 - Math refresher: Chapters 2, 4
 - **Lots of math coming in the next few weeks**
 - Background on graphics: Chapter 1

Coming Up...:

Fri:

- Rendering pipeline

Next Week:

- Geometric transformations

Basics of Computer Graphics: Rendering Pipeline

Your tasks for the week

- Piazza Discussion Group:
 - Register
 - Post review questions by Mon 9AM
 - Use private option, rev1 tag
- Assignment 1
 - Test programming environment on lab computers/Set laptop environment (optional)
 - **Come to lab today !!!**

Rendering

Goal:

- Transform (3D) computer models into images
- Photo-realistic (or not)

Interactive rendering:

- Fast, but until recently low quality
- Roughly follows a fixed patterns of operations
 - **Rendering Pipeline**

Offline rendering:

- Ray-tracing
- Global illumination

Computer Graphics

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Rendering Tasks (no particular order)

- Project 3D geometry onto image plane
 - Geometric transformations
- Determine which primitives/parts of primitives are visible
 - Hidden surface removal
- Determine which pixels geometric primitive covers
 - Scan conversion
- Compute color of every visible surface point
 - Lighting, shading, texture mapping

Discussion

Advantages of pipeline structure

- Logical separation of different components, modularity
- Easy to parallelize:
 - Earlier stages can already work on new data while later stages still work with previous data
 - Similar to pipelining in modern CPUs
 - But much more aggressive parallelization possible (special purpose hardware!)
 - Important for hardware implementations!
- Only local knowledge of the scene is necessary

Rendering Pipeline

- What is it? All of this:
 - Abstract model - sequence of operations to transform geometric model into digital image
 - Abstraction of how graphics hardware works
 - Underlying API (application programming interface) model for programming graphics hardware
 - OpenGL
 - Direct 3D
- Actual implementations vary

Discussion

Disadvantages:

- Limited flexibility
- Some algorithms would require different ordering of pipeline stages
 - Hard to achieve while still preserving compatibility
- Only local knowledge of scene is available
 - Shadows
 - Global illumination

