

Transformations

<http://www.ugrad.cs.ubc.ca/~cs314/Vjan2016>

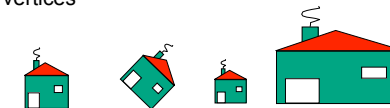
Readings for Transformations 1-5

- Shirley/Marschner
 - Ch 6: Transformation Matrices
 - except 6.1.6, 6.3.1
 - Sect 12.2 Scene Graphs
- Gortler
 - Ch 2: Linear, Sec 2.5-2.6
 - Ch 3: Affine
 - Ch 4: Respect
 - Ch 5: Frames in Graphics, 5.3-5.4

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2D Transformations

- ### Transformations
- transforming an object = transforming all its points
 - transforming a polygon = transforming its vertices



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Matrix Representation

- represent 2D transformation with matrix
 - multiply matrix by column vector \iff apply transformation to point

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} x' &= ax + by \\ y' &= cx + dy \end{aligned}$$

- transformations combined by multiplication

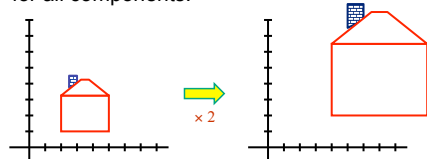
$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d & e \\ f & g \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} h & i \\ j & k \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

- matrices are efficient, convenient way to represent sequence of transformations!

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Scaling

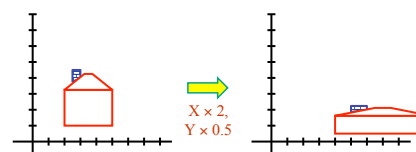
- **scaling** a coordinate means multiplying each of its components by a scalar
- **uniform scaling** means this scalar is the same for all components:



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Scaling

- **non-uniform scaling**: different scalars per component:



- how can we represent this in matrix form?

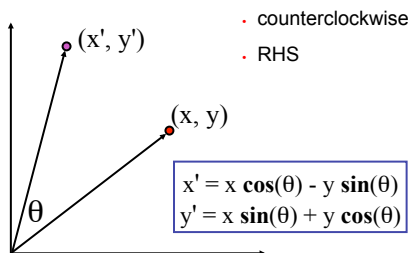
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Scaling

- scaling operation: $\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ax \\ by \end{bmatrix}$
- or, in matrix form: $\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{scaling matrix}} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$

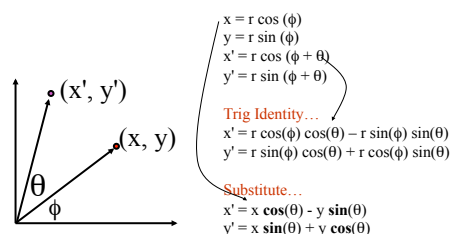
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2D Rotation



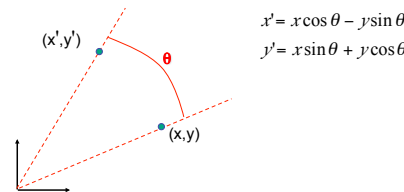
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2D Rotation From Trig Identities



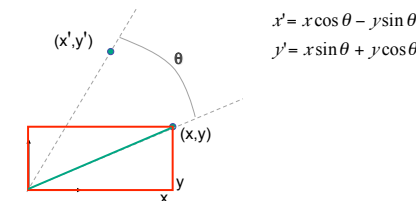
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2D Rotation: Another Derivation



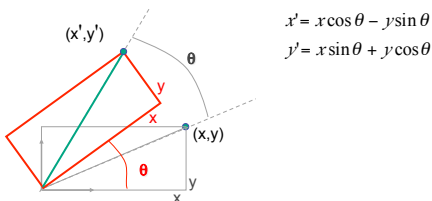
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2D Rotation: Another Derivation



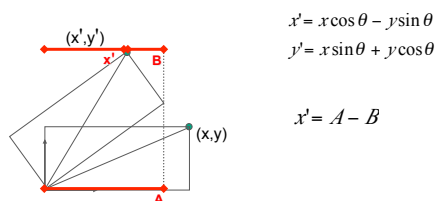
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2D Rotation: Another Derivation



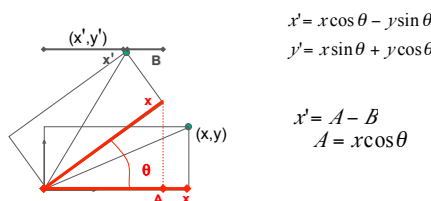
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2D Rotation: Another Derivation



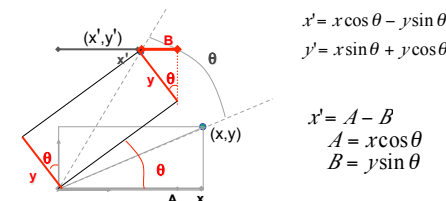
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2D Rotation: Another Derivation



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2D Rotation: Another Derivation



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2D Rotation Matrix

- easy to capture in matrix form:

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & -\sin(\theta) \\ \sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

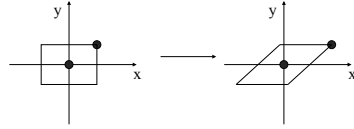
- even though $\sin(\theta)$ and $\cos(\theta)$ are nonlinear functions of θ ,
 - x' is a linear combination of x and y
 - y' is a linear combination of x and y

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Shear

- shear along x axis
 - push points to right in proportion to height

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? & ? \\ ? & ? \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} ? \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$$

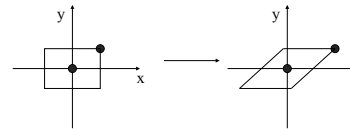


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Shear

- shear along x axis
 - push points to right in proportion to height

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & sh_x \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



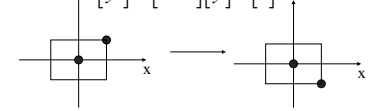
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Reflection

- reflect across x axis

- mirror

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? & ? \\ ? & ? \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} ? \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$$



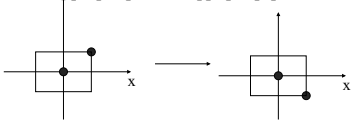
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Reflection

- reflect across x axis

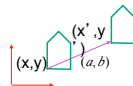
- mirror

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



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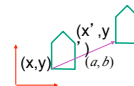
2D Translation



$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x+a \\ y+b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix}$$

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2D Translation



$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x+a \\ y+b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

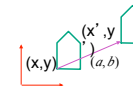
scaling matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & -\sin(\theta) \\ \sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

rotation matrix

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2D Translation



vector addition

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x+a \\ y+b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix}$$

matrix multiplication

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

scaling matrix

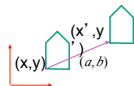
matrix multiplication

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & -\sin(\theta) \\ \sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

rotation matrix

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2D Translation



vector addition

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x+a \\ y+b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix}$$

matrix multiplication

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

scaling matrix

matrix multiplication

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & -\sin(\theta) \\ \sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

rotation matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix}$$

translation multiplication matrix??

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Linear Transformations

- linear transformations are combinations of

- shear
- scale
- rotate
- reflect

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} x' &= ax + by \\ y' &= cx + dy \end{aligned}$$

- properties of linear transformations

- satisfies $T(sx+ty) = sT(x) + tT(y)$
- origin maps to origin
- lines map to lines
- parallel lines remain parallel
- ratios are preserved
- closed under composition

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Challenge

- matrix multiplication
 - for everything except translation
 - can we just do everything with multiplication?
 - then could just do composition, no special cases

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