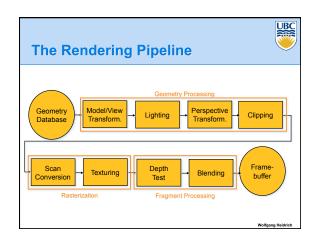
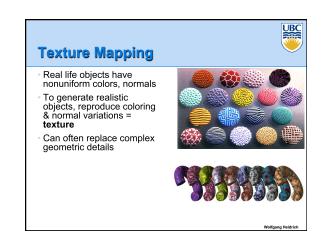
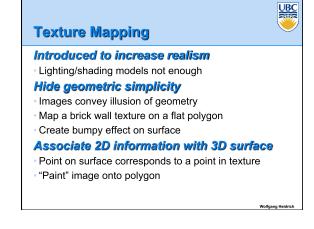
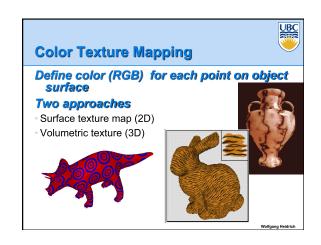


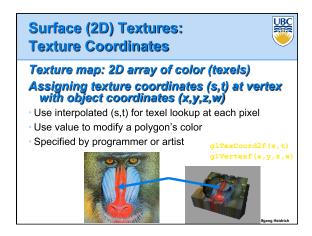
### Course News Assignment 3 Project Handout will be up on Wednesday Homework 5 Out later today (this time for real) Remember that these are good practice for the exams! Reading Chapter 11 (Texture Mapping)

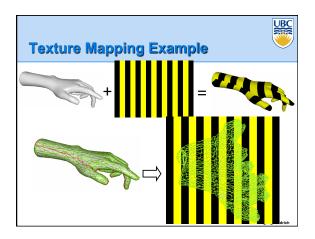


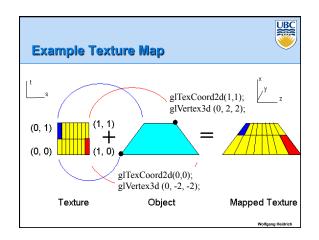


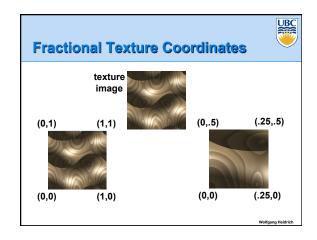




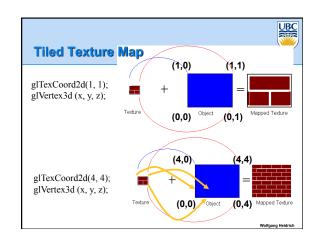








## Texture Lookup: Tiling and Clamping What if s or t is outside the interval [0...1]? Multiple choices Use fractional part of texture coordinates - Cyclic repetition of texture to tile whole surface gitexParameteri ..., GL\_TEXTURE\_WRAP\_S, GL\_REPEAT, GL\_TEXTURE\_WRAP\_T, GL\_REPEAT, ...) Clamp every component to range [0...1] - Re-use color values from texture image border gitexParameteri ..., GL\_TEXTURE\_WRAP\_S, GL\_CLAMP, GL\_TEXTURE\_WRAP\_T, GL\_CLAMP, ...)





### Motivation

- Change scale, orientation of texture on an object **Approach**
- Texture matrix stack
- Transforms specified (or generated) tex coords glMatrixMode( GL\_TEXTURE ); glLoadIdentity(); glRotate();
- More flexible than changing (s,t) coordinates

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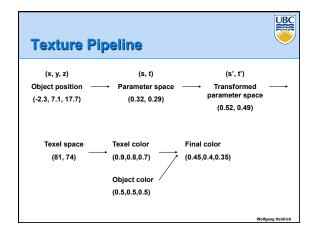
### **Texture Functions**



### Given value from the texture map, we can:

- · Directly use as surface color: GL REPLACE
- Throw away old color, lose lighting effects
- · Modulate surface color: GL MODULATE
- Multiply old color by new value, keep lighting info
- Texturing happens after lighting, not relit
- Use as surface color, modulate alpha: GL\_DECAL
  - Like replace, but supports texture transparency
- Blend surface color with another: GL\_BLEND
  - New value controls which of 2 colors to use

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### **Texture Objects and Binding**



### Texture object

- An OpenGL data type that keeps textures resident in memory and provides identifiers to easily access them
- Provides efficiency gains over having to repeatedly load and reload a texture
- You can prioritize textures to keep in memory
- OpenGL uses least recently used (LRU) if no priority is assigned

### **Texture binding**

- · Which texture to use right now
- Switch between preloaded textures

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### **Basic OpenGL Texturing**



### Create a texture object and fill w/ data:

- glGenTextures(num, &indices) to get identifiers for the objects
- glBindTexture(GL\_TEXTURE\_2D, identifier) to bind
  - Following texture commands refer to the bound texture
- glTexParameteri(GL\_TEXTURE\_2D, ..., ...) to specify parameters for use when applying the texture
- glTexImage2D(GL\_TEXTURE\_2D, ....) to specify the texture data (the image itself)

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### **Basic OpenGLTexturing (cont.)**



### Enable texturing:

glEnable(GL\_TEXTURE\_2D)

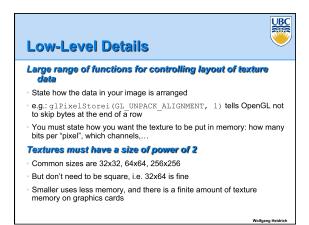
### State how the texture will be used:

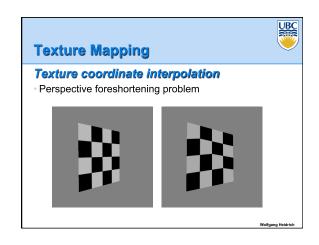
• glTexEnvf(...)

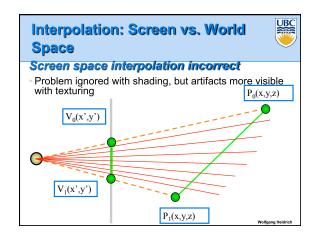
### Specify texture coordinates for the polygon:

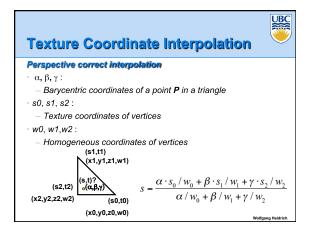
- Use glTexCoord2f(s,t) before each vertex:
  - glTexCoord2f(0,0); glVertex3f(x,y,z);

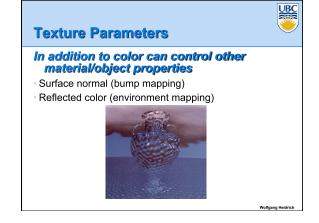
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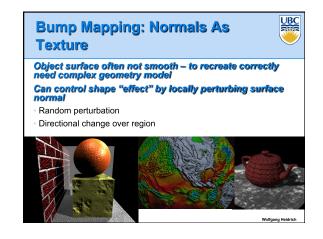


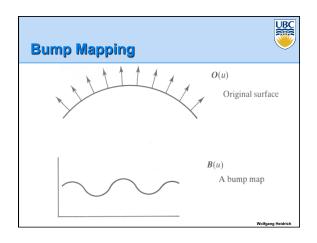


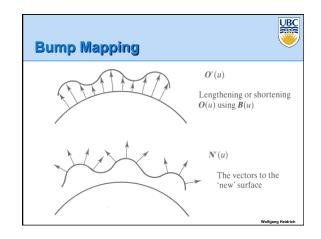


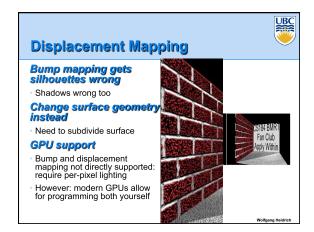


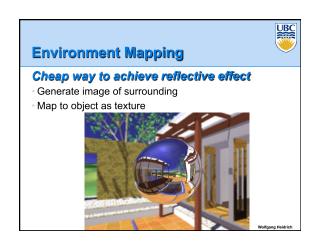


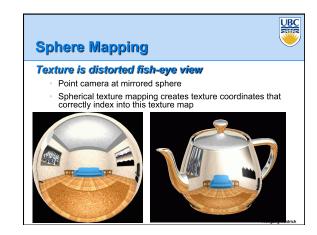


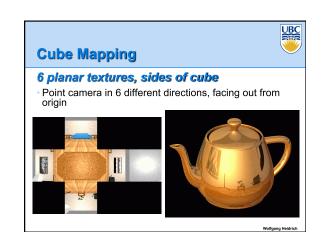


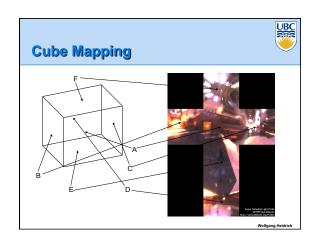


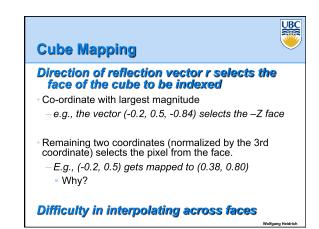


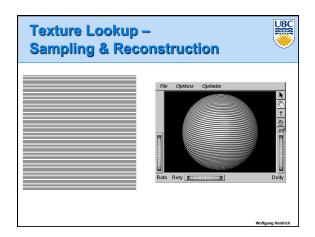


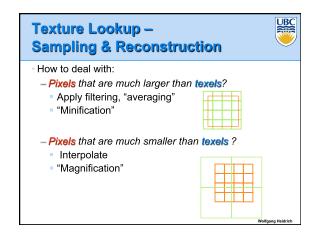


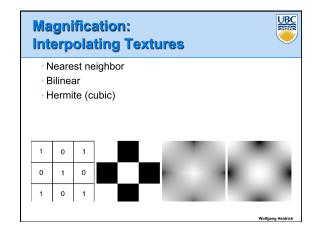


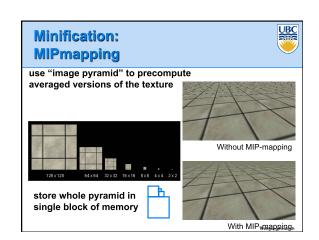


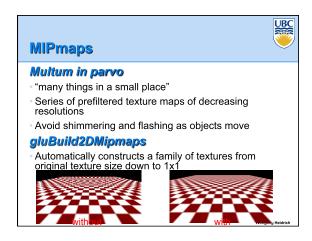


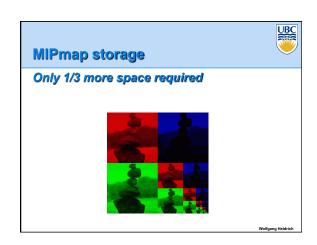


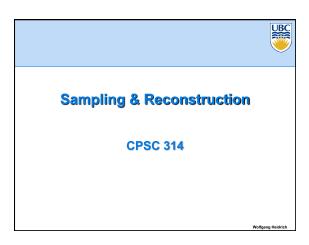


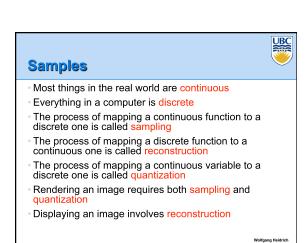












# Line Segments We tried to sample a line segment so it would map to a 2D raster display We quantized the pixel values to 0 or 1 We saw stair steps, or jaggies

