CPSC 310 – Software Engineering

Lecture 5

Collaborative Development &

Source Code Versioning



Huge thanks to Sebastien Mosser (sebastien.mosser@unice.fr) for the slides



developer

piece of software

CollaborativeDevelopment











Motivations (among others)

































BUG.







«not me!»





«not me!»

To trace changes!























































To **FOIDBACK** changes!







































To Share changes!






































Centralized Model

(e.g., CVS, Subversion)



Shared Repository





























#1: different files



Atomic operations. No problem at all!































Automatic merge

a	

		ScalaM• F
		@@ -45,8 +48,8 @@ class Operation extends TypedElement with MultiplicityElement {
45	48	*/
46	49	def `class`: Class = _class
47	50	<pre>def class_=(c: Class) {</pre>
48		<pre>- require(c != null)</pre>
49		 require(c.ownedOperations contains this)
	51	<pre>+ require(c != null, "`class` attribute cannot be null")</pre>
	52	+ require(c.ownedOperations contains this, "`class` must contain this operation")
50	53	_class = c
51	54	}
52	55	<pre>private[this] var _class: Class = _</pre>
		@@ -54,7 +57,7 @@ class Operation extends TypedElement with MultiplicityElement {
54	57	/**
55	58	<pre>* "The parameters to the operation."</pre>
56	59	*/
57		 def ownedParameters: Seq[Parameter] = _ownedParameters
	66	<pre>+ def ownedParameters: Seq[Parameter] = _ownedParameters.reverse</pre>
58	61	<pre>private[this] var _ownedParameters - List[Parameter]()</pre>

• •



#3: same part of the same file





BEING A CODER MADE EASY



http://geekandpoke.typepad.com/geekandpoke/2010/10/being-a-code-made-easy-chapter-1.html









Conflict!



Conflict!



Conflict!



Resolved!



Resolved!



Resolved!



Distributed Model

(e.g., Bazaar, Git)

Centralized = _____repository

Distributed = N repository

when N = 1, Centralized = Distributed

He who can **do more** can **do less**










artefacts lifecycle



















Seriously?



Spiderman's Theorem

«With great power comes great responsibility»



Best Practices

A commit should be a **logical unit** and have a **descriptive message** (avoid http://whatthecommit.com/) Commit/Update **frequently Inspect your changes** before committing **Don't break the build** (unit tests) if not expected by the others





DO VERSION

Source code of any sort (Java, HTML,CSS, etc.)

Images

Configuration files

Documentation (related to process and product)

Automated Tests

Files related to the project



DO NOT VERSION

Generated Artifacts

compiled code, documentation, etc.

Local build environment information

Secured information





Version control strategy for your team ?



Conclusions

Why do we version code?

To **trace** changes!

To **rollback** changes!

To **share** changes!

(among others)

Why do we Version code?

To trace changes!

To rollback Changes!

To share Changes!

Different models for code versioning

Centralized

versus

Distributed

when N = 1, Centralized = Distributed

He who can **do more** can **do less**